## 3-D Figures Notes

3-Dimensional figures have three dimensions: $\qquad$ ,
$\qquad$ and
$\qquad$ .

Face: a $\qquad$ surface of a 3-D
figure.

Edge: where two faces $\qquad$ -.

Vertex: where the figure comes to a
$\qquad$ . The plural of vertex is $\qquad$ .

Base: the shape used to
$\qquad$ the figure.

| Prisms | Pyramids |
| :---: | :---: |
| - Two parallel congruent bases that are polygons <br> - Remaining faces are parallelograms | * One base that is a polygon <br> - Remaining faces are triangles |
| Cylinders | Cones |
| - Two parallel congruent bases that are circles <br> - Bases connected by a curved surface | - One base that is a circle <br> - A curved surface that comes to a point at a vertex |

## Spheres

## Classify each 3-D figure. Then tell the number of faces, edges, and vertices.

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